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APPLICATION NO.	F	ILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/081,411	02/20/2002		Avner Schneur	11951-009001	1565
26161	7590	06/01/2005		EXAM	INER
FISH & RI		SON PC	JASMIN, LYNDA C		
BOSTON, MA 02110				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
				3627	
			DATE MAIL ED: 06/01/2006		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/081,411	SCHNEUR ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
•	Lynda Jasmin	3627				
The MAILING DATE of this communication  Period for Reply	on appears on the cover sheet wi	th the correspondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR IT THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICAT  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communicat  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) day  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, b  - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	TION.  CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reion.  s, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirt period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON y statute, cause the application to become AB	eply be timely filed  y (30) days will be considered timely. THS from the mailing date of this communication. ANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on	20 February 2005.					
3) Since this application is in condition for a	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the ments is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims						
4) ⊠ Claim(s) 1-14 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are with 5) □ Claim(s) is/are allowed.  6) ⊠ Claim(s) 1-14 is/are rejected.  7) □ Claim(s) is/are objected to.  8) □ Claim(s) are subject to restriction	thdrawn from consideration.					
Application Papers						
9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Ex	aminer.					
D)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>20 February 2005</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection	to the drawing(s) be held in abeyan	ce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).				
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the o	•					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		·				
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for for a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority docu 2. Certified copies of the priority docu 3. Copies of the certified copies of the application from the International E * See the attached detailed Office action for	nments have been received. Iments have been received in A e priority documents have been Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	pplication No received in this National Stage				
Attachment(s)						
<ol> <li>Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)</li> <li>Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-94)</li> </ol>		ummary (PTO-413) )/Mail Date				
<ul> <li>Notice of Dransperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-94)</li> <li>Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/97)</li> <li>Paper No(s)/Mail Date</li> </ul>		formal Patent Application (PTO-152)				

# **DETAILED ACTION**

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 101

1. Claims 1-7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 because the claimed invention is directed to non-statutory subject matter.

The basis of this rejection is set forth in a two-prong test of:

- (1) whether the invention is within the technological arts; and
- (2) whether the invention produces a useful, concrete, and tangible result.

For a claimed invention to be statutory, the claimed invention must be within the technological arts. Mere ideas in the abstract (i.e., abstract idea, law of nature, natural phenomena) that do not apply, involve, use, or advance the technological arts fail to promote the "progress of science and the useful arts" (i.e., the physical sciences as opposed to social sciences, for example) and therefore are found to be non-statutory subject matter. For a process claim, the recited process must somehow apply, involve, use, or advance the technological arts.

In the present case, claim 1 only recites an abstract idea. The recited steps of merely receiving a plurality bids and performing a mathematical analysis to determine optimal award schedule does not apply, involve, use, or advance the technological arts since all of the recited steps can be performed in the mind of the user or by use of a pencil and paper. These steps only constitute an idea of how to satisfy a purchase requisition.

Additionally, for a claimed invention to be statutory, the claimed invention must produce a useful, concrete, and tangible result. In the present case, the claimed

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invention receives a plurality of bids (i.e., repeatable) and determines and optimal award schedule for satisfying a purchase requisition (i.e., useful and tangible).

Although the recited process produces a useful, concrete, and tangible result, since the claimed invention, as a whole, is not within the technological arts as explained above, claim 1 is deemed to be directed to non-statutory subject matter.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).
- 4. Claims 1-14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Moffett, JR. (2002/0103746 A1), in view of Eder (5,615,109).

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Moffett discloses computer-implemented method for satisfying a purchase requisition with the steps of receiving, from each of a plurality of candidate suppliers, a corresponding plurality of bids (box [0060]); determining an optimal award schedule for satisfaction of the purchase requisition (box [0063]).

Moffett however fails to explicitly disclose receiving an offer of a business-volume discount that is triggered when an aggregate purchase of at least one unit of a first qualifying item and at least one unit of a second qualifying item is within a defined volume interval.

Eder discloses the concept of having a profit maximized requisition set is then created that utilizes vendor and unit of measure substitution under a variety of discount schedules to the extent possible within the user specified constraints. Eder further discloses using multi criteria, mixed-integer, and linear program algorithms to calculate the profit maximizing requisition set for business volume discount schedule items. More specifically, the profit maximizing set of requisitions for items purchased under business volume discount schedules on a commitment basis is calculated by an application software and then the profit maximizing set of requisitions for items purchased using asordered business volume discount schedules is calculated in a similar fashion. The resulting set of requisitions is designated as the base-level requisitions for the business volume items.

From this teaching of Eder, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the purchasing requisition of

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Moffett JR. to include the business-volume discount base on purchases of items categories as taught by Eder in order to maximize profit.

#### Conclusion

5. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Steward, Lostis et al., Grey et al. and Van Horn et al. are cited for disclosing methods for satisfying purchase requisition.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Lynda Jasmin whose telephone number is (571) 272-6782. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday- Friday (9:30-6:00) with Increased Flex.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Robert P Olszewski can be reached on (571) 272-6788. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

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